of inhibitor in a sample such that the column containing the chromatographic carrier can be used repeatedly.

36. The device according to claim 28 wherein the column is exchangeable.

Jt 31. The device according to claim 28 wherein the detector is a fluorescence detector.

The device according to claim 28 wherein the device further comprises a valve/pump assembly between the column and detector.

3/1 3/3. The device according to claim 3/2 wherein the valve/pump assembly is capable of delivering a measuring buffer to the sample after it has left the column.

34. The device according to claim 28 wherein the device further comprises a control device for determining purity of a buffer discharged from the column.

35. The device according to claim 34 wherein the control device functions photometrically.

3+36. The device according to claim 28 further comprising a measuring device capable of detecting sample dilution.

37. The device according to claim 28 wherein the detector and column are independently thermostated.

The device according to claim 28 further comprising at least one valve assembly capable of supplying a wash buffer to the column.

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Hogs. The device according to claim 28 further comprising a computer control system.

The device according to claim 28 further comprising at least one valve assembly capable of supplying the sample through the column or outside of the column.

enzyme inhibitor in liquids, the device comprising a column and a detector the column including a chromatographic carrier having a substance capable of binding an enzyme corresponding to said enzyme inhibitor in a sample, the column being capable of delivering at least a part of the sample discharged from the column to the detector.

The device according to claim 41 wherein the chromatographic carrier contains an excess amount of substance capable of binding an enzyme relative to the amount of enzyme in a sample such that the column containing the chromatographic carrier can be used repeatedly.

13. The device according to claim A1 wherein the column is exchangeable.

44. The device according to claim 41 wherein the detector is a fluorescence detector.

45. The device according to claim 41 wherein the device further comprises a valve/pump assembly between the column and detector.

The device according to claim 45 wherein the valve/pump assembly is capable of delivering a measuring buffer to the sample after it has left the column.

The device according to claim 42 wherein the device further comprises a control device for determining purity of a buffer discharged from the column.

The device according to claim A wherein the control device functions photometrically.

The device according to claim II further comprising a measuring device capable of detecting sample dilution.

The device according to claim 41 wherein the detector and column are independently thermostated.

The device according to claim 41 further comprising at least one valve assembly capable of supplying a wash buffer to the column.

The device according to claim 41 further comprising at least one valve assembly capable of supplying the sample through the column or outside of the column.

The device according to claim 41 further comprising a computer control system.

enzyme in liquid comprising:

applying a sample to a column, the column including a chromatographic carrier having a substance capable of binding an enzyme inhibitor corresponding to said enzyme in the sample;

delivering at least a part of the sample discharged from the column to a detector; and

measuring enzyme activity.

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55. The method according to claim 54 wherein the chromatographic carrier contains an excess amount of substance capable of binding an enzyme inhibitor relative to the amount of inhibitor in a sample such that the column containing the chromatographic carrier can be used repeatedly.

The method according to claim 54 wherein the column is exchangeable.

The method according to claim 54 wherein the detector is a fluorescence detector.

The method according to claim 54 further comprising a valve/pump assembly between the column and detector.

The method according to claim 56 wherein the valve/pump assembly is capable of delivering a measuring buffer to the sample after it has left the column.

The method according to claim 34 further comprising a control device for determining purity of a buffer discharged from the column.

34 61. The method according to claim 60 wherein the control device functions photometrically.

The method according to claim 54 further comprising a measuring device capable of detecting sample dilution.

The method according to claim 54 further comprising at least one valve assembly capable of supplying the sample through the column or outside the column.

6/4. The method according to claim 5/4 wherein the detector and column are independently thermostated.

The method according to claim 54 further comprising at least one valve assembly capable of supplying a wash buffer to the column.

(6) 66. The method according to claim 54 further comprising a computer control system.

A method for measuring an enzyme inhibitor in liquid comprising:

applying a sample to a column, the column including a chromatographic carrier having a substance capable of binding an enzyme corresponding to said enzyme inhibitor in the sample;

delivering at least a part of the sample discharged from the column to a detector; and

measuring enzyme inhibitors.

The method according to claim of wherein the chromatographic carrier contains an excess amount of substance capable of binding an enzyme relative to the amount of enzymes in a sample such that the column containing the chromatographic carrier can be used repeatedly.

The method according to claim of wherein the column is exchangeable.

The method according to claim of wherein the detector is a fluorescence detector.

HAVA. The method according to claim 67 further comprising a valve/pump assembly between the column and detector.

The method according to claim of wherein the valve/pump assembly is capable of delivering a measuring buffer to the sample after it has left the column.

The method according to claim of further comprising a control device for determining purity of a buffer discharged from the column.

The method according to claim 23 wherein the control device functions photometrically.

The method according to claim of further comprising a measuring device capable of detecting sample dilution.

The method according to claim of further comprising at least one valve assembly capable of supplying the sample through the column or outside the column.

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The method according to claim of wherein the detector and column are independently thermostated.

78. The method according to claim of further comprising at least one valve assembly capable of supplying a wash buffer to the column.

The method according to claim 67 further comprising a computer control system.

REMARKS

Upon entry of the present amendment, claims 1-27 have been canceled and claims 28-79 are pending.